Texas State Postings



CHILD LABOR LAWS



Texas Workforce Commission Labor Law Section, Child Labor Enforcement

U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division

In your JULIATER!

Therbiteled couplines are the same for both federal and state law. The hazardous coupations designated by an aster lak (*) have provisions for employment of pensons below the age of eighteen (18), provided applicable apprentice or student-learner conflictation has been obtained. Persons desiring specific information about these exceptions should contact the nearest office of the United States Department of Labor.

- involving the driving of motor vehicles and outside helpers

 A. on any public road or highway,

 - in or about any place where logging or sawmill operations are in progress,or in excavations.
- in logging and sawmill occupations and occupations involving firefighting and timber tracts,
- *in operating or assisting to operate power-driven woodworking machines.
- power-driven woodworking machines, involving exposure to radioactive substances and to ionizing radiations,
- in operating or assist to operate power-driven hoisting apparatus such as elevators, cranes, derricks, hoists, high-lift trucks,
- "in operating or assisting to operate power-driven metal forming, punching, and shearing machines, in connection with mining, other than coal,
- "in operating or assisting to operate power-driven meat processing machines, and occupations including slaughtering, meat packing, processing, or rendering, in operating or assisting to operate power-driven bakery machines.
- (12) *involved in the operation of power-driven paper-products machines, ballers and compac
- (13) in manufacturing brick, tile, and kindred products,
- in wrecking, demolition, and ship-breaking operations,
- (16) *in roofing operations and on or about a roof, and

Additional prohibited occupations that apply under state law:

Additional prohibited occupations that apply only to 14- and 15-year-old children:

- and 1s-year-old children include:

 (1) mining, manufacturing, or processing occupations, including duties in works or places where goods are manufacturing, or otherwise processed, classified or otherwise processed, (2) operating or assisting in operating power-driven machinery or hoisting apparatus other than typical office machines,
- (3) work as a ride attendant or ride operator at an amusement park or a "dispatcher" at the top of elevated water slides,
- driving a motor vehicle or helping a driver, occupations involved in transporting persons or property by rail, highway, air, water, pipeline, or other means.
- youth peddling, sign waving, or door-to-door sales,
- poultry catching or cooping,
- (1) pourly actering or cooping.

 Si Biloguardins a natural environment such as a lide, river, ocean beach, quarry, port dyouth must be at less 115 years of age and properly certified to be a lifeguard at a radiational swimming pool or water amusement parks,

 Dy public measuring policy,

 (10) communications and public utilities plots, (11) communications and public utilities plots, (11) communications and public utilities plots, (12) communications and public utilities plots, (13) communications and public utilities plots, (14) communications and public utilities plots, (15) communications and public utilities plots, (15) communications and public utilities plots, (16) communications and public utilities plots, (17) communications and public utilities plots, (17) communications are plotted to the public plots are plotted to the public plots and public utilities plots, (17) communications and (17) communica

- meir substitutes, cooking, except with gas or electric grills that do not involve cooking over an open flame and with deep fat fryers that utilize devirees that automatically lover and raise the baskets from the hot grease or oil, baking and all activities involved in baking,
- occupations which involve operating, setting up, adjusting, dearning, oiling, or repairing power-driven food sideres and grinders, food chappers and cutters, and bakeny-type mixers,
- f) freezers or meat coolers work, except minors may occasionally enter a freezer for a short period of time to retrieve items,
- (19) leading and unloading goods to and from trucks, railroad cars or conveyors, and (20) all occupations in warehouses and storage except office and clerical work.

Work times for 14- and 15-year-old

- e who is employed by that person to work: more than 8 hours in one day or more than 48 hours in one week, between the hours of 10 pm, and 5 a.m. or a day that is followed by a school day or between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. or a day that is not followed by a school day if the child is enrolled in school, or
- usy in me child is enrolled in school, or (3) between the hours of midnight and 5 a.m. on any day during the time school is necessed for the summer if the child is not enrolled in summer school. Federal Law The FLSA further regulates hours of employment. 14 and 15 year old children may not work:

- children may not work:
 (1) during school hours,
 (2) more than eight hours on a non-school day or 40 hours during a non-school week,
- (3) more than three hours on a school day or 18 hours during a school week, and (4) between 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. during the school year, or
- (5) between 9 p.m. and 7 a.m. from June 1 and Labor Day.

Child Actors- state law

performer
Child adds extra definition — a child under the
age of 14 who is employed as an extra without
any speaking, simiging, or danching roles, usually
in the background of the performance.
Every person applying for child actor
authorization must authral an application for
authorization can a form provided by the Texas
Workforce Commission.

worknote commission: Special authorization for child actors to be employed as extras is granted without the need for filing an application if the employer meets the Teasa Workforce Commission's requirements. Contact 1-800-832-9243 for

PENALTIES

PERJALIZES
State of Texas — An offense under Chapter S1, Texas Labor Code, is a Class 8
misdomenson, except for the offense of employing a child under 14 to sell or solicit, which
is a Class A misdomensor. If the Commission determines that a person who employs a child
havi detailed this Act, or a rule adopted under this Act, the Commission may assess an
white of the Commission of the Com

— The FLSA prescribes a maximum administrative penalty of \$11,000 per violation

101 E. 15th Street • Austin, Texas 78778-0001 • (512) 463-2222 Relay Texas: 800-735-2989 (TDD) 800-735-2988 (Voice)

CONCERNING WORKERS' **COMPENSATION IN TEXAS**

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

COVERAGE:

[Name of employer]

has workers' compensation insurance coverage from [name of commercial insurance company]

in the event of work-related injury or occupational disease. This coverage is effective from

[effective date of workers' compensation insurance policy]

Any injuries or occupational diseases which occur on or after that date will be handled by [name of commercial insurance company]

An employee or a person acting on the employee's behalf, must notify the employer of an injury or occupational disease not later than the 30th day after the date on which the injury occurs or the date the employee knew or should have known of an occupational disease, unless the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation (Division) determines that good cause existed for failure to provide timely notice. Your employer is required to provide you with coverage information, in writing, when you are hired or whenever the employer becomes, or ceases to be, covered by workers' compensation insurance.

EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE: The Division provides free information about how to file a workers' compensation claim. Division staff will answer any questions you may have about workers' compensation and process any requests for dispute resolution of a claim. You can obtain this assistance by contacting your local Division field office or by calling 1-800-252-7031. The Office of Injured Employee Counsel (OIEC) also provides free assistance to injured employees and will explain your rights and responsibilities under the Workers' Compensation Act. You can obtain OIEC's assistance by contacting an OIEC customer service representative in your local Division field office or by calling 1-866-EZE-OIEC (1-866-393-6432).

SAFETY VIOLATIONS HOTLINE: The Division has a 24 hour toll-free telephone number for reporting unsafe conditions in the workplace that may violate occupational health and safety laws. Employers are prohibited by law from suspending, terminating, or discriminating against any employee because he or she in good faith reports an alleged occupational health or safety violation. Contact the Division at

1-800-452-9595. TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE, DIVISION OF WORKERS' COMPENSATION (01/13)

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES CONCERNING ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE IN THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION SYSTEM FROM THE OFFICE OF INJURED **EMPLOYEE COUNSEL**

Have you been injured on the job? As an injured employee in Texas, you have the right to free assistance from the Office of Injured Employee Counsel (OIEC).
OIEC is the state agency that assists unrepresented injured employees with their claim in the workers' compensation system.

You can contact OIEC by calling its toll-free telephone number: 1-866-393-6432. More information about OIEC and its Ombudsman Program is available at the agency's website (www.oiec.texas.gov).

OMBUDSMAN PROGRAM

WHAT IS AN OMBUDSMAN? An Ombudsman is an employee of OIEC who can assist you if you have a dispute with your employer's insurance carrier. An Ombudsman's assistance is free of charge. Each Ombudsman has a workers' compensation adjuster's license and has completed a comprehensive training program designed specifically to assist you with your dispute.

An Ombudsman can help you identify and develop the disputed issues in your case and attempt to resolve them. If the issues cannot be resolved, the Ombudsman can help you request a dispute resolution proceeding at the Texas Department of Insurance, Division of Workers' Compensation. Once a proceeding is scheduled an Ombudsman can:

- Help you prepare for the proceeding (Benefit Review Conference and/or Contested Case Hearing);
- Attend the proceeding with you and communicate on your behalf; and
- Assist you with an appeal or a response to an insurance carrier's appeal, if

CONNECT

@ @OIECTexas @ @OIECtube

Figure 28 TAC §276.5(c) - April 2018

Olec 130 131 134 135

Texas Minimum Wage Law

TEXAS

- Requires covered employers to provide each employee with a written earnings statement containing certain information about the employee's pay Designates TMC as the agency responsible for discerniating information about state minimum wage requirements Contains provisions concerning agricultural piece rate workers.

- Provides civil remedies for its violation

Current Minimum Wage

wage is 57.25 per nour. The Texas Minimum Wage Act does not prohibit employees from bargaining collectively with their employers for a higher wage. With specified restrictions, employers may count tips and the value of meals and lodging toward minimum wage.

Wage Rate Complaints &

Earnings Statement

Exemptions

The primary exemption from the Texas Minimum Wage Act is for any person covered by the federal Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA).

- Employment in, of or by religious, educational, charitable or nonprofit organizations
 Professionals, salespersons or public officials
- Certain youths and students

- Family memb Amusement and recreational establishments
- Dairving and production of livestock

Agricultural Piece Rates

The Commissioner of Agriculture establishes piece rates for agriculture ostablishes piece rates for agricultural commodities commercially produced in substantial quantities in Texas, it sufficient productivity information is Texas, it sufficient productivity information is available. The piece rates are intended to guarantee at least minimum wage for harvesters of average ability and diligence while allowing harvesters to earn more by producing more.

al Opportunity Employer/Program Auxiliary aids and services are available upon request to individuals with disabilities.

Deaf, hard-of-hearing or speech-impaired customers may contact TWC through the relay service provider of their choice. Equal opportunity is the law,

The Law in Texas

La Ley en Texas

Hostigamiento sexual a los internos sin pago va también en contra de la ley.



If you believe you have been discriminated against, contact the Texas Workforce Commission, Civil Rights Division Studed cree pute a fixed discrimination, commission on a Comisión Laboral de Texas, División de Derechos Giviles 101 East 15th Steet, Rm. 144.71, Austin, TX 78778-0001 (S12) 463-26427 * Toll Triev (within Texas) 1-889-452-4779 * TTY (S12) 371-7473

www.twc.state.tx.us

ATTENTION EMPLOYEES

MONTHLY SEMI-MONTHLY __

OTHER For more information write or contact the Texas Workforce Commission in Austin or contact your nearest TWC office. TWC offices are located in major cities throughout the state.

Notice to

Employers / Employees

TEXAS WORKFORCE COMMISSION
Labor Law Section
101 East 15th Street, Room 514
Austin, Texas 78778-0001
1-800-832-9243
TDD 1-800-735-2989 (Hearing Impaired)

TO EMPLOYERS:

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

Notice to Employers/Employees





SP-TX-E

Copyright © 2022 ADP, LLC. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. The ADP Logo, ADP, ADP Always Designing for People, and RUN Powered by ADP are registered trademarks of ADP, LLC.

Compliance Date September 2018



20220909 ALLC